

YOUTH GROUP in A BOX



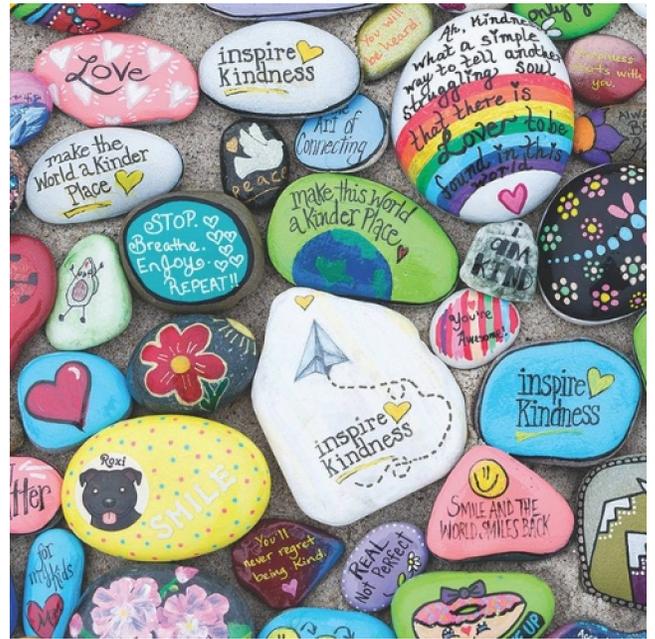
SUMMERTIME FOREVER



PAINTED ROCKS

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- Rocks
- Acrylic Paint Markers

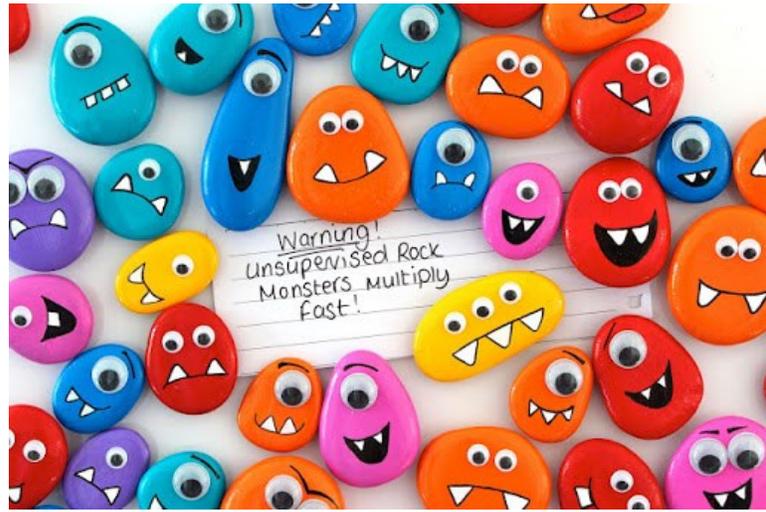


INSTRUCTIONS

1. Rocks have already been rinsed, it would help if you wipe them off with a DRY cloth. If your rocks get wet, wait until they dry to continue.
2. Decide on your design. You can use a picture to inspire you, if you'd like. You can draw pictures or add fun colors or designs!
3. Using your acrylic paint markers*, CREATE AWAY!

*The first time you use your acrylic paint markers, you will need to get the ink flowing. Unwrap your markers (be careful not to unscrew the top by twisting the lid!) and shake the markers for a minute. Uncap and press the tip up and down on scrap paper until the ink saturates the tip. Recap when not in use.





LANYARD KEYCHAINS

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- Lanyard
- Keychain
- Keychain Clips
- Scissors



INSTRUCTIONS

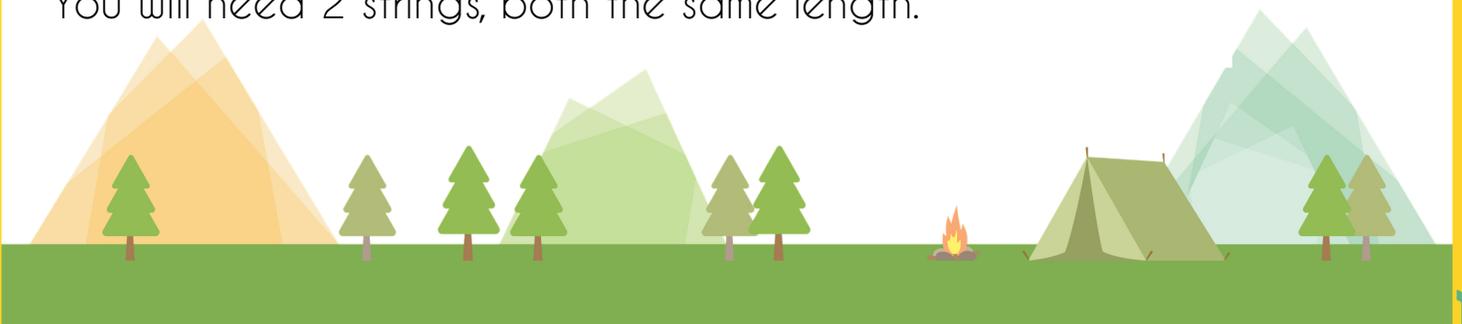
There are MANY different ways to tie lanyards. Below I will share the 2 easiest stitches, zipper and box, and (hopefully) easy diagrams to get started. Once you have mastered these two stitches, there are MANY YouTube videos in addition to mine that can help get you started.

Zipper

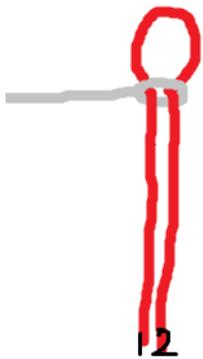
You will need 3 strings, 2 strings the length you would like your finished project and 1 string 3 times as long.

Box

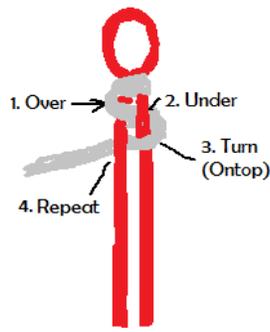
You will need 2 strings, both the same length.



CONTINUED INSTRUCTIONS



1. The loop

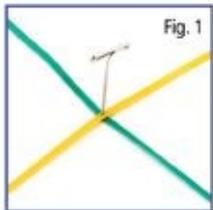


2. Starting, Over, Under

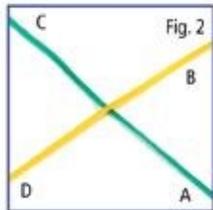


3. The Finished Product

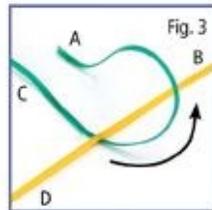
BOX STITCH



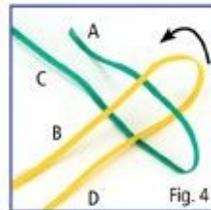
1. Secure lanyard in place with push pin or tack



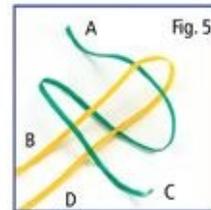
Use letters above as a guide



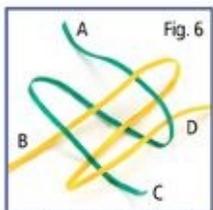
2. Fold "A" over lanyard "B-D"



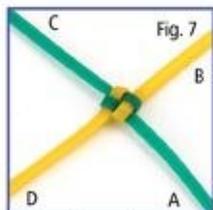
3. Fold "B" over "A"



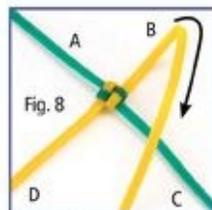
4. Fold "C" over "B-D"



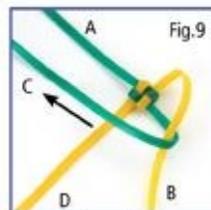
5. Fold "D" over "C" and under "A"



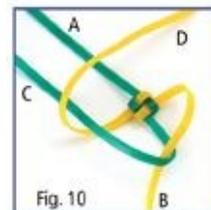
6. Pull all lanyards evenly to create your first stitch



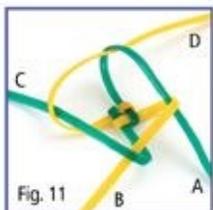
7. To begin second stitch; fold "B" over "C"



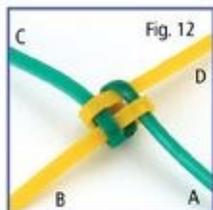
8. Fold "C" over "B"



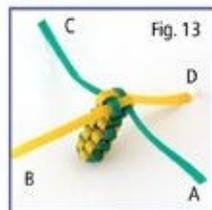
9. Fold "D" over "C-A"



10. Fold "D" over "C" and under "A"



11. Pull all lanyards evenly to create your second stitch



12. Repeat steps 1-11

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S'MORES FOR FOUR

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- Graham Crackers
- Chocolate
- Marshmallow
- Marshmallow Skewers
- Campfire/BBQ

OR

- Baking Sheet
- Aluminum Foil



INSTRUCTIONS

Classic summer s'mores would usually be made over a campfire or BBQ grill. While, the age-old debate of how crispy to toast your marshmallow was a constant in our home, you can also make s'mores in the oven. This technique may be helpful for our Florida summer sun-showers or "feels like 350 degrees" days.



INDOOR INSTRUCTIONS

1. Preheat oven to 350 degrees.
ON A BAKING SHEET
2. Place 1/4 of a chocolate bar on graham cracker half.
3. Place marshmallow on top of chocolate.
4. Place graham cracker half on top of marshmallow.
5. Place baking sheet in the oven for 5 minutes.
6. Remove, let cool and ENJOY!

INDOOR INSTRUCTIONS

1. Place 1/4 of a Chocolate Bar on graham cracker half.
2. Using a long stick or metal skewer, toast marshmallow over flame until golden brown or desired char. Rotate periodically. Avoid tilting rod or skewer downward. Supervise any children during this step.
3. Place toasted marshmallow over chocolate graham cracker half. Top with second graham cracker half and gently press together.
4. Slowly remove rod or skewer.
5. ENJOY!

ONCE YOU HAVE MASTERED THE CLASSICS CONSIDER THESE GOURMET SUBSTITUTIONS

Substitute a different type of chocolate

Consider a Reeses Cup, Caramel filled Ghirardelli square, York peppermint

Substitute a different type of cracker

Consider chocolate chip cookies, fudge stripe, chocolate graham crackers

Substitute a different type of marshmallow

Consider a stuffed marshmallow (yes they make them!) or a gourmet flavor!



SUCCULENT PLANTERS

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- Terra Cotta Planter
- Acrylic Paint Pens

- Succulents
- Succulent Soil

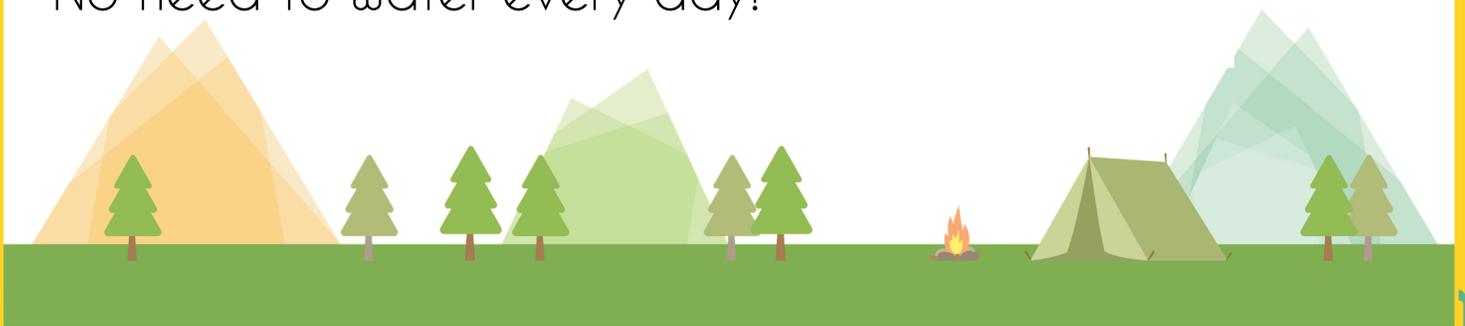


INSTRUCTIONS

This project REALLY is a “design as you’d like” type of project. There are countless ways to decorate your succulent planter. Once you are done decorating your planter, you can follow the steps on the next page to transfer your succulents to their new home.

Don't forget to decorate your small saucer as well!

You do not want to keep your succulents outside, we get entirely too much rain for succulents here in Florida. No need to water every day!



5. WONDER SOIL

The soil included in your kit is called “Wonder Soil”

This “Cactus & Succulent Mix” is specifically formulated for succulents.

Directions:

In your pot measure 1/3 cup of soil. Slowly add 2/3 of a cup of water. Make sure to pour the water slowly and you will see the soil expand. Stir to aerate the soil after it has expanded. Once the soil has expanded, you can transfer your succulent.

Add additional soil and water as needed. Dry mix will expand 4-5 times its original size.

SUCCULENTS DO NOT NEED A LOT OF WATER!

TRANSFERRING THE SUCCULENT

1. Take the succulent out of the nursery pot and gently loosen the soil.
2. using 2 fingers to create a little hole in the pot, place the loose roots in the new pot.
3. Gently scoop the soil back around the transfer to fill in over any air gaps around the roots.
4. Gently blow off the succulent leaves to remove soil.
5. If you'd like, add shells or pebbles to the top layer.
6. Try to keep succulents out of direct and constant sunlight.
7. Keep the soil moist but not wet. Do not let soil dry out completely.



TIE DYE

SUPPLIES NEEDED

TIE DYE KIT (included)

- dyes
- fixers
- droppers
- gloves

Rubber Bands

Items to Tie Dye

(you may want a ziplock bag to hold your dyed items before you choose to untie them, rinse and wash!)

INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE YOU BEGIN, WASH ANY ITEMS YOU PLAN TO DYE

1. Prepare your fixer water. In a bucket or bowl mix $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of fixer per gallon of warm water. Sodium Carbonate (soda ash) helps the dye cling to the fabric and makes it SUPER vibrant!
2. Soak anything you plan to dye in the fixer solution for 5-10 minutes. Fixer water can be reused for several batches!
3. Fold, twist or tie your fabric.
4. Mix your dyes. 2-3 teaspoons of dye per cup of water. More dye= darker colors, less dye=lighter shades. STIR WELL TO DISSOLVE DYE.
5. Squirt dye onto your fabric. (you may want to do this outside or over a plastic bin!
6. AFTER YOU DYE LEAVE YOUR ITEMS TO SIT FOR 2-24 HOURS! The longer it sits, the easier it will be to rinse out loose dye.
7. Once it sits, rinse over cool running water, remove rubber bands, rinse more and wash ALONE or with old towels—some dye may still release in first wash.



RUBBER BAND INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE YOU BEGIN:

Prepare your work surface with surface cover and paper towels. Prewash fabric to remove sizing. Do not use fabric softener or dryer sheet. Fill dye bottles with water.



SPIRAL

Lay fabric flat on work surface. Decide the area on the fabric where you want the swirl to be. Pinch fabric at this point. Twist fabric around into a flat spiral. Bind with rubber bands, creating 6 wedges. Use more rubber bands as desired. Apply dye on wedges using as many colors as desired, in the desired arrangement – alternating wedges, connecting wedges, etc. or using a single color.



CRUMPLE

Lay fabric flat on work surface and crumple with fingertips. Carefully lift fabric into a baking dish or large tub. Fill bottles and apply first color of dye to fabric in an all over squiggle motion. Apply second color of dye in the same way. Turn fabric over and apply dyes on the back. Make sure the fabric is completely wet with dye. Do not oversaturate fabric. If dye is applied too close together, colors may become muddy.



STRIPE

Pleat fabric as desired (you can pleat horizontally, vertically, or diagonally). Bind folds with rubber bands every 1 to 2 inches. Apply dye to folded edge of fabric. Flip fabric over and repeat. If desired, repeat with another color. Continue until fabric is covered or apply alternative dye colors between banded sections.



BULLSEYE

Decide where you want the center of bullseye to be. Pinch fabric and pull up in tube shape. Place rubber band about 1" from the top, continue banding every 2-3" along length of fabric. Apply dye colors between banded sections.



ROOM SIGNS

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- unfinished sign
- acrylic paint pens
- transfer paper
- vinyl stencil



INSTRUCTIONS

BEGIN BY DECIDING IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO CREATE A BACKGROUND DESIGN BEFORE YOU PLACE YOUR STENCIL.

If you have done a background design, make sure your first layer is dry.

1. Peel the back off your clear transfer paper and gently lay it over your stencil.
2. Place your stencil down on your wood sign and rub to adhere.
3. Peel off your clear transfer tape.
4. Use your acrylic paint pens to fill in the stencil.
5. Once the paint dries—peel your stencil off and enjoy!



How to use Transfer tape on Vinyl for your Silhouette or Cricut

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



RAINBOW SUNCATCHER WINDCHIMES

SUPPLIES NEEDED

- wooden stick
- metal eyelets
- string
- beads

INSTRUCTIONS

The hardest part of this project is placing the eyelets in the stick to hang your bead strands.

You can use the eyelet and your fingers to twist each hook into the wooden stick. Once your eyelets are twisted in along the bottom, you can add an eyelet on each side on the top, to hang your suncatcher/windchime.

Aside from deciding on your bead colors/patterns, you can string whatever you'd like to catch the light and enjoy!



HAPPY CRAFTING, CAMPERS!

We miss you and can't wait to
see you soon!

Don't hesitate to tag any of
your pictures using
#CSZatHome

